YEAR CALIFORNIA FORM

# 1994 Research Credit

3523

Name(s) as she	own on return	Social security or California corporation number	
		Federal employer identification number (F.E.I.N.)	
Part I Com	putation of the Credit. Read the instructions before completing this form.		
	rough line 4 are to be completed only by corporations. Individuals, par	tnershins estates and trusts begin on line 5	
	earch payments paid or incurred during the income year. See instructions.		
	od amount. See instructions		
-	ine 2 from line 1. If less than zero, enter -0-		
	ne 3 by 12% (.12)		
	research expenses paid or incurred		
	r qualified services (do not include wages used in figuring the jobs credit).		
	upplies		
	lease costs of computers. See instructions		
	6 (.65) of contract expenses		
	ified research expenses. Add line 5 through line 8		
-	d-base percentage, but not more than 16%. See instructions		
	•		
	rage annual gross receipts. See instructions		
	ount. Multiply line 11 by the percentage on line 10		
	ine 12 from line 9		
	ne 9 by 50% (.50). See instructions		
	smaller of line 13 or line 14		
	ne 15 by 8% (.08)		
	credit. Add line 4 and line 16. If you do not elect the reduced credit under IRC s		
	ne instructions. If you do elect the reduced credit, multiply the result by 89% (.89	,	
	d trusts, by 90.7% (.907) for corporations, and by 98.5% (.985) for S corporation		
	igh research credit(s) from passthrough entities. The credit may be limited.		
•	ear research credit. Add line 17 and line 18		
	amount of credit on line 19 that is from passive activities. If none of		
	nt on line 19 is from passive activities, enter -0		
	ne 20 from line 19		
	allowable credit from passive activities. See instructions		
	ryover from prior years		
	able research credit. Add line 21 through line 23	24	
Caution:	Your credit may be limited. See instructions for line 24.		
Part II Cor	nputation of the Carryover. Do not complete this part if you must file Sche	edule P (100, 540, 540NR or 541).	
25 Amount of	research credit claimed on current year tax return. See line 24 instructions		
	ryover to future years. Subtract line 25 from line 24		
General Ir	oformation B \	Who Must File	
	In general California did not conform its law to changes	An individual, estate, trust, organization or corporation	n

In general, California did not conform its law to changes made to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) by the federal Revenue Reconciliation Act of 1993 (Public Law 103-66). California legislation during 1994 did adopt specific provisions of the 1993 federal changes and these provisions are specifically identified when appropriate. All other references in these instructions are to the IRC as it existed on January 1, 1993.

### A Purpose of Form

Existing companies and "Start-Up" companies use form FTB 3523 to figure and claim a credit for increasing the research activities of a trade or business.

An individual, estate, trust, organization or corporation claiming a credit for increasing research activities must attach this form to its California tax return. In addition, an S corporation, partnership, limited liability company, estate or trust that shares the credit among its shareholders, partners, members or beneficiaries must attach this form to its California tax return.

# C California and Federal Differences

Federal and California law are generally the same, except that:

the basic and qualified research must have been conducted within California;

- 8 percent of the excess of qualified research expenses over base period research expenses and, for corporations only, 12 percent of the basic research payments will be allowed as a credit;
- if your business is both within and outside of California, gross receipts are the receipts from the sale of property held primarily for sale to customers (in the ordinary course of your trade or business) that is delivered or shipped to California.

#### D Miscellaneous

A husband and wife may claim only one credit. If separate returns are filed, the credit may be taken by either or divided equally between them.

The credit can not reduce the minimum franchise tax (corporations and S corporations), the alternative minimum tax (corporations, fiduciaries and individuals), the built-in gains tax (S corporations) or the excess net passive income tax (S corporations).

For S corporations, only one-third of the allowable credit may be claimed against the 1.5 percent tax, after applying the limitations relating to passive activity losses and credits. An S corporation is not allowed to carry over any portion of the credit denied under the "one-third rule." In addition, 100 percent of the allowable credit may be passed through to the shareholders.

## Specific Line Instructions

See the instructions for federal Form 6765, Credit for Increasing Research Activities, for more information.

- Line 1 Corporations (other than S corporations, personal holding companies, and service organizations) may be eligible for a "basic research" credit if the 1994 payments in cash to a qualified university or scientific research organization (under a written contract) exceed a base period amount (based on your general university giving and certain other maintenance-or-effort levels for the 3 preceding years). To be eligible, the basic research must have been carried out within California. Enter your 1994 payments on line 1. See IRC Section 41(e) for details.
- Line 2 Enter the base amount. Generally, this amount will be the same as the federal amount if your business is located solely in California. If you do business both within and outside of California, see General Information C. The amount on line 2 may not be more than the amount on line 1. This amount may be treated as 1994 contract research expenses on line 8 (subject to the 65 percent limitation).
- Line 7 See IRC Section 41(b)(2)(A) for rules on leased property if you receive payments from anyone for the rental or lease of substantially identical property.
- Line 8 Include 65% of any amount paid or incurred for qualified research performed on your behalf. For corporations only, include 65% of the portion of line 1 basic research payments that does not exceed the line 2 base period amount.
- Line 10 Compute the fixed-based percentage as follows:

**Existing companies** – The fixed-base percentage is the ratio that the aggregate qualified research expenses for at least 3 tax years from 1984 to 1988 bears to the aggregate gross receipts for such tax years. Round off the percentage to the nearest 1/100th of 1%.

**Start-up companies** – If there are fewer than 3 tax years between 1984 and 1988 in which you had both gross receipts and qualified research expenses, the percentage is 3%. If the percentage computation involves de minimis amounts of gross receipts and qualified expenses in a tax

year or short tax years are involved, see IRC Section 41(c)(3) and Section 41(f)(4).

**Note:** The maximum percentage that can be entered on line 10 is 16%.

Line 11 – Enter the average annual gross receipts for the 4 tax years preceding the tax year for which the credit is being determined (called the credit year). You may be required to annualize gross receipts for any short tax year. See IRC Section 41(c)(1)(B) and Section 41(f)(4) for details.

For purposes of line 10 and line 11, reduce gross receipts for any tax year by returns and allowances made during the tax year. In the case of a business that is within and outside of California, include only the gross receipts from the sale of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of your trade or business that is delivered or shipped to California, regardless of F.O.B. point or other conditions of sale.

- **Line 14** The base amount cannot be less than 50% of the current year qualified research expenses. This rule applies both to existing and newly-organized businesses.
- Line 17 Unless you made an election to reduce the research credit, deductions under IRC Section 174 or any other provision for research expenses or basic research payments must be reduced by the amount of your current year's research credit. See the instructions for federal Form 6765, Credit For Increasing Research Activities, for more information.
- Line 18 Include on this line your share of credit passing through from S corporations, partnerships, limited liability companies and fiduciaries.

The credit is limited to the amount attributable to your interest in the proprietorship, partnership, S corporation, limited liability company, estate or trust generating the credit. Figure the credit separately for each business interest by dividing the taxable income attributable to your interest in the business by your total taxable income for the year. This percentage cannot exceed 100%. If, in the current taxable or income year you had no income attributable to a particular business interest, you cannot claim any research credit this year for that business. The credit can be carried over to subsequent taxable or income years, but the limitation must be calculated for each year.

S corporations and limited liability companies that are corporations must figure the amount of credit to flow through to their shareholders or members on line 1 through line 24. Partnerships, limited liability companies that are partnerships and fiduciaries must figure the amount of credit to flow through to their partners, members or beneficiaries on line 5 through line 24. The credit for each shareholder, partner, member or beneficiary must be shown on Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1 NR, or on an attachment to Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1 NR.

- Line 22 If any part of the amount on line 19 is from a passive activity, you must complete form FTB 3801-CR, Passive Activity Credit Limitations, or form FTB 3802, Corporate Passive Activity Loss and Credit Limitations, to determine your allowable credit. Complete form FTB 3801-CR or form FTB 3802 before completing the rest of this form.
- Line 24 The amount of this credit you may claim on your tax return may be limited. Refer to the credit instructions in your tax booklet to see if there are any limitations on the amount of credit you may claim. These instructions also explain how to claim this credit on your tax return. If filing Form 540, Form 540NR or Form 541, you must use credit code number 183 to claim this credit.

If available credit for the current year exceeds the tax, you may carry over any unused credit to succeeding years.